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## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/006,067	MANDATO ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Alicia Baturay	2446
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 A</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This     Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	s action is non-final.  ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 24 and 27-46 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 24 and 27-46 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers 9)  The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on 06 December 2001 is/are	or election requirement.	tod to by the Eveniner
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat*  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicat Pority documents have been receive Bu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This Office Action is in response to a request for continued examination under 37 CFR

1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), which was filed in this application after

final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR

1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the

previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's

submission filed on 06 August 2008 has been entered.

2. Claims 24 and 27-46 were amended.

3. Claims 1-23, 25, 26 and 47 were cancelled.

4. Claims 24 and 27-46 are pending in this Office Action.

## Response to Amendment

5. Applicant's amendments and arguments with respect to claims 24 and 27-46 filed on 06

August 2008 have been fully considered but they are deemed to be moot in view of the new

grounds of rejection.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

7. Claims 24, 27-40 and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Zinky et al. (U.S. 6,480,879) and further in view of Shastri (U.S. 2002/0065922).

Zinky teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a system that determines

the quality of service and regulates activity within the distributed system based on the

determined quality of service (see Abstract).

8. With respect to claim 24, Zinky teaches a computer readable tangible storage medium

having a computer program stored thereon for managing quality of service, the program

representing middleware and comprising executable instructions that cause a computer to:

configure an application programming interface (Zinky, col. 9, lines 47-50) as a data model

describing quality-of-service adaptation paths (Zinky, col. 8, lines 48-56) as specified by

quality-of-service aware mobile multimedia applications (Zinky, col. 2, lines 61-63) using

said application programming interface, in order to manage quality-of-service and mobility-

aware network connections with other applications (Zinky, col. 6, lines 22-30) and wherein

the application paths are modeled as hierarchical finite state machines (Zinky, col. 6, lines

22-36).

Zinky does not explicitly teach where the middleware is adapted to repeatedly measure

the actual quality-of-service.

However, Shastri teaches where a quality-of-service adaptation path defining an

adaptation policy in terms of alternative quality-of-service contracts identifying alternative

quality-of-service specifications (Shastri, page 6, paragraph 60) and rules for switching

between the alternative quality-of-service contracts based on a comparison of the contracted OoS specification with the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-55), and where in the middleware is adapted to repeatedly measure the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 4, paragraph 43) and to repeatedly select one of the alterative quality-ofservice contracts according to the rules for switching between the alternative quality-ofservice contracts based on a comparison of the contracted quality-of-service specifications with the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-57), the quality of service specifications of the selected quality-of-service contract describing a currently to be achieved quality-of-service for one or more network connections (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-55), and wherein the adaptation paths are modeled as a hierarchical finite state machines, each quality-of-service contract of an adaptation path corresponding to a different state of a hierarchical finite state machine, said rules for switching between the alternative quality-ofservice contracts corresponding to transitions between the states of a hierarchical finite state machine (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 62-63) and each hierarchical finite state machine comprising: a finite state machine associated with a User Context, a finite state machine associated with an Application Context nested in said finite state machine associated with said User Context (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 61-62) and a finite state machine associated with a Session Context nested in said finite state machine associated with said Application Context (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 62-63), wherein said User Context, said Application Context and said Session Context each identify an arrangement of quality-of-service specifications enforceable through a set of streams belonging to a given user, multimedia application and telecommunication session, respectively (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 61-64),

the given user partaking in the given telecommunications session by means of executing the

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given multimedia application (Shastri, page 6, paragraph 61), and wherein said arrangements

of quality-of-service specifications identified in said User Context, said Application Context

and said Session Context are specified by said multimedia applications using said application

(Shastri, page 5, paragraph 43).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to modify Zinky in view of Shastri in order to teach where the middleware is

adapted to repeatedly measure the actual quality-of-service. One would be motivated to do so

in order to be assured that a best-suited server is being used throughout the playback of

content at all times.

9. With respect to claim 27, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 24, including the

computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the hierarchical finite state machines

comprise controllable states in the context of streams at the lowermost level (Zinky, col. 7,

lines 26-36).

10. With respect to claim 28, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 24, including the

computer readable tangible storage medium wherein quality-of-service synchronization is

provided so as to ensure that some user's given constraints on quality-of-service are globally

enforced throughout a given set of streams (Zinky, col. 3, lines 60-67) by applying a defined

set of quality-of-service constraints to each stream of a set of streams (Zinky, col. 1, lines 40-

54).

11. With respect to claim 29, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 24, including the

computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the specification of the quality-of-

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service contracts comprises hysteresis parameters for the transition between quality-of-

service states (Zinky, col. 9, lines 51-56) time synchronization is provided for a multiplicity

of related streams by a definition of time-synchronization constraints for related streams

having the same destination (Zinky, col. 1, lines 40-54).

12. With respect to claim 30, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 24, including the

computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the specification of the quality-of-

service contracts comprises utility parameters defining user's perceived utility factors

associated with the respective quality-of-service contract (Zinky, col. 6, lines 12-21).

13. With respect to claim 31, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 24, the computer

readable tangible storage medium further characterizing executable instructions that cause a

computer to provide an application handler unit to offer the application programming

interface for providing quality-of-service aware mobile multimedia applications with the

possibility of managing network connections with other applications (Zinky, col. 5, line 66 –

col. 6, line 4).

14. With respect to claim 32, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 31, including the

computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the application handler unit registers

requests for notification events from applications and generates such events whenever the corresponding triggering conditions occur (Zinky, col. 7, lines 52-57).

- 15. With respect to claim 33, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 31, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the application handler unit operates on the basis of a data model comprising streams, quality-of-service context (Zinky, col. 6, lines 7-11), quality-of-service associations and adaptation paths (Zinky, col. 8, lines 48-56) modeled as hierarchical finite state machines (Zinky, col. 6, lines 22-36).
- 16. With respect to claim 34, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 33, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the application handler unit creates for each unidirectional stream an instance of a chain controller for handling data plane and quality-of-service control plane related issues (Zinky, col. 7, lines 6-18).
- 17. With respect to claim 35, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 34, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the chain controller compares the quality-of-service requirements of a user with actual values of monitored parameters and configures a chain of multimedia components accordingly (Zinky, col. 7, lines 38-57).
- 18. With respect to claim 36, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 35, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the chain controller creates and

manages a transport service interface socket, whereby the multimedia components directly exchange data through the transport service interface socket (Zinky, col. 5, lines 52-65).

- 19. With respect to claim 37, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 34, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the chain controller monitors and controls the local resources required to process the given stream by using resource managers (Zinky, col. 9, lines 30-38).
- 20. With respect to claim 38, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 34, including the computer readable tangible storage medium further comprising executable instructions that cause a computer to configure a quality-of-service broker for managing overall local resources by managing the whole set of streams via the chain controllers (Zinky, col. 5, lines 23-30).
- 21. With respect to claim 39, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 38, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the quality-of-service broker manages system-wide resources via resource controllers (Zinky, col. 9, lines 30-38).
- 22. With respect to claim 40, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 38, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the quality-of-service broker controls end-to-end quality-of-service negotiation by using a session manager (Zinky, col. 3, lines 60-67).

col. 4, lines 20-31).

23. With respect to claim 43, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 34, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the application handler unit and the various instances of the chain controller are forming an application handler cluster (Zinky,

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- Claims 41, 42 and 44-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 24. Zinky et al. (U.S. 6,480,879) in view of Shastri (U.S. 2002/0065922) and further in view of Neureiter et al. ("The BRAIN Quality of Service Architecture for Adaptable Services with Mobility Support").
- 25. With respect to claim 41, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 38, including a computer readable tangible storage medium having a computer program stored thereon for managing quality of service, the program representing middleware and comprising executable instructions that cause a computer to: configure an application programming interface (Zinky, col. 9, lines 47-50) as a data model describing quality-of-service adaptation paths (Zinky, col. 8, lines 48-56) as specified by quality-of-service aware mobile multimedia applications (Zinky, col. 2, lines 61-63) using said application programming interface, in order to manage quality-of-service and mobility-aware network connections with other applications (Zinky, col. 6, lines 22-30) and wherein the application paths are modeled as hierarchical finite state machines (Zinky, col. 6, lines 22-36).

Zinky does not explicitly teach where the middleware is adapted to repeatedly measure the actual quality-of-service.

However, Shastri teaches where a quality-of-service adaptation path defining an adaptation policy in terms of alternative quality-of-service contracts identifying alternative quality-of-service specifications (Shastri, page 6, paragraph 60) and rules for switching between the alternative quality-of-service contracts based on a comparison of the contracted OoS specification with the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-55), and where in the middleware is adapted to repeatedly measure the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 4, paragraph 43) and to repeatedly select one of the alterative quality-ofservice contracts according to the rules for switching between the alternative quality-ofservice contracts based on a comparison of the contracted quality-of-service specifications with the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-57), the quality of service specifications of the selected quality-of-service contract describing a currently to be achieved quality-of-service for one or more network connections (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-55), and wherein the adaptation paths are modeled as a hierarchical finite state machines, each quality-of-service contract of an adaptation path corresponding to a different state of a hierarchical finite state machine, said rules for switching between the alternative quality-ofservice contracts corresponding to transitions between the states of a hierarchical finite state machine (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 62-63) and each hierarchical finite state machine comprising: a finite state machine associated with a User Context, a finite state machine associated with an Application Context nested in said finite state machine associated with said User Context (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 61-62) and a finite state machine associated

with a Session Context nested in said finite state machine associated with said Application Context (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 62-63), wherein said User Context, said Application Context and said Session Context each identify an arrangement of quality-of-service specifications enforceable through a set of streams belonging to a given user, multimedia application and telecommunication session, respectively (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 61-64), the given user partaking in the given telecommunications session by means of executing the given multimedia application (Shastri, page 6, paragraph 61), and wherein said arrangements of quality-of-service specifications identified in said User Context, said Application Context and said Session Context are specified by said multimedia applications using said application (Shastri, page 5, paragraph 43).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Zinky in view of Shastri in order to teach where the middleware is adapted to repeatedly measure the actual quality-of-service. One would be motivated to do so in order to be assured that a best-suited server is being used throughout the playback of content at all times.

The combination of Zinky and Shastri does not explicitly teach the use of downloading plug-ins.

However, Neureiter teaches the computer program where the quality-of-service broker includes further functionality for downloading plug-ins corresponding to a given version of a data model which can not be handled by the application handler unit (Neureiter, page 447, "The Proposed BRAIN End Terminal Architecture (BRENTA)," paragraph 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the combination of Zinky and Shastri in view of Neureiter in order to the use of downloading plug-ins. One would be motivated to do so in order to support middleware functionality, which provides quality of service support for applications.

26. With respect to claim 42, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 41, including a computer readable tangible storage medium having a computer program stored thereon for managing quality of service, the program representing middleware and comprising executable instructions that cause a computer to: configure an application programming interface (Zinky, col. 9, lines 47-50) as a data model describing quality-of-service adaptation paths (Zinky, col. 8, lines 48-56) as specified by quality-of-service aware mobile multimedia applications (Zinky, col. 2, lines 61-63) using said application programming interface, in order to manage quality-of-service and mobility-aware network connections with other applications (Zinky, col. 6, lines 22-30) and wherein the application paths are modeled as hierarchical finite state machines (Zinky, col. 6, lines 22-36).

Zinky does not explicitly teach where the middleware is adapted to repeatedly measure the actual quality-of-service.

However, Shastri teaches where a quality-of-service adaptation path defining an adaptation policy in terms of alternative quality-of-service contracts identifying alternative quality-of-service specifications (Shastri, page 6, paragraph 60) and rules for switching between the alternative quality-of-service contracts based on a comparison of the contracted QoS specification with the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-55), and

where in the middleware is adapted to repeatedly measure the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 4, paragraph 43) and to repeatedly select one of the alterative quality-ofservice contracts according to the rules for switching between the alternative quality-ofservice contracts based on a comparison of the contracted quality-of-service specifications with the actual quality-of-service (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-57), the quality of service specifications of the selected quality-of-service contract describing a currently to be achieved quality-of-service for one or more network connections (Shastri, page 5, paragraphs 54-55), and wherein the adaptation paths are modeled as a hierarchical finite state machines, each quality-of-service contract of an adaptation path corresponding to a different state of a hierarchical finite state machine, said rules for switching between the alternative quality-ofservice contracts corresponding to transitions between the states of a hierarchical finite state machine (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 62-63) and each hierarchical finite state machine comprising: a finite state machine associated with a User Context, a finite state machine associated with an Application Context nested in said finite state machine associated with said User Context (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 61-62) and a finite state machine associated with a Session Context nested in said finite state machine associated with said Application Context (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 62-63), wherein said User Context, said Application Context and said Session Context each identify an arrangement of quality-of-service specifications enforceable through a set of streams belonging to a given user, multimedia application and telecommunication session, respectively (Shastri, page 6, paragraphs 61-64), the given user partaking in the given telecommunications session by means of executing the given multimedia application (Shastri, page 6, paragraph 61), and wherein said arrangements

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of quality-of-service specifications identified in said User Context, said Application Context and said Session Context are specified by said multimedia applications using said application (Shastri, page 5, paragraph 43).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Zinky in view of Shastri in order to teach where the middleware is adapted to repeatedly measure the actual quality-of-service. One would be motivated to do so in order to be assured that a best-suited server is being used throughout the playback of content at all times.

The combination of Zinky and Shastri does not explicitly teach a quality-of-service broker cluster.

However, Neureiter teaches the computer program where the quality-of-service broker and the plug-ins are forming a quality-of-service broker cluster (Neureiter, page 449, "Component," "Chain Coordinator (ChC)" and "QoS Broker").

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the combination of Zinky and Shastri in view of Neureiter in order to enable the use of a quality-of-service broker cluster. One would be motivated to do so in order to support middleware functionality, which provides quality of service support for applications.

27. With respect to claim 44, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 42, including the computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the application handler cluster and the

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quality-of-service broker cluster are included in one open distributed processing capsule

(Zinky, col. 5, lines 10-18).

28. With respect to claim 45, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 42, including the

computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the application handler cluster and the

quality-of-service broker cluster are included in separate open distributed processing capsules

(Zinky, col. 5, lines 10-18).

29. With respect to claim 46, Zinky teaches the invention described in claim 45, including the

computer readable tangible storage medium wherein the application handler cluster being

included in one open distributed processing capsule is installed on a given local node and the

quality-of-service broker cluster being included in separate open distributed processing

capsule is installed on a separate open distributed processing node, whereby a proxy quality-

of-service broker is installed on the given local node (Zinky, col. 5, lines 11-16).

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Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Alicia Baturay whose telephone number is (571) 272-3981. The examiner

can normally be reached at M-Th 7am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Saleh

Najjar can be reached on (571) 272-4006. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alicia Baturay

October 10, 2008

/Jeffrey Pwu/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2146